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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
09/832,274	04/10/2001	Eric J. Horvitz	MS150907.2	9444	
27195 7	7590 08/10/2004	/ EXAMINER			
AMIN & TU	ROCY, LL <mark>P</mark> , NATIONAL CITY CI	HOLMES, M	HOLMES, MICHAEL B		
· ·	, NATIONAL CITT CI INTH STREET	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER		
CLEVELAND	OH 44114	2121	0		
			DATE MAILED: 08/10/2004	4 10	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Applicati	on No.	Applicant(s)		
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*1	Office Action Summary	09/832,2		HORVITZ ET AL.		
r	• · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Examine		Art Unit		
	The MAILING DATE of this communicati		. Holmes	2121		
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THE - Exte after - If the - If NO - Faill Any	MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICAT insions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 r SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communicate period for reply specified above, the maximum statutory use to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, be reply received by the Office later than three months after the patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	FION. CFR 1.136(a). In no evition. s, a reply within the stary period will apply and way statute, cause the appropriate the appropriate in the app	ent, however, may a reply be tir tutory minimum of thirty (30) day ill expire SIX (6) MONTHS from slication to become ABANDONE	mely filed ys will be considered timely. the mailing date of this communication. ED (35 U.S.C. § 133).		
Status						
1)[\]	Responsive to communication(s) filed or	10 April 2001				
'=	This action is FINAL . 2b)⊠ This action is non-final.					
3)						
, _	closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Disposit	ion of Claims					
5)⊠ 6)⊠ 7)⊠	Claim(s) <u>1-29</u> is/are pending in the applie 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are with Claim(s) <u>23-29</u> is/are allowed. Claim(s) <u>1-4 and 7-22</u> is/are rejected. Claim(s) <u>12</u> is/are objected to. Claim(s) are subject to restriction	ithdrawn from cc				
Applicat	ion Papers					
10)⊠	The specification is objected to by the Ex The drawing(s) filed on 10 April 2001 is/a Applicant may not request that any objection Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the The oath or declaration is objected to by	re: a)⊠ accepte to the drawing(s) l correction is requir	oe held in abeyance. Se ed if the drawing(s) is ob	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). jected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).		
Priority (under 35 U.S.C. § 119					
а)	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for for All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority docu 2. Certified copies of the priority docu 3. Copies of the certified copies of the application from the International Election for	uments have bee uments have bee re priority docume Bureau (PCT Rul	en received. en received in Applicati ents have been receive e 17.2(a)).	ion No ed in this National Stage		
Attachmen	ut(s)					
	ce of References Cited (PTO-892)	140)	4) Interview Summary			
3) 🔯 Infor	ce of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-9 mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/ er No(s)/Mail Date <u>2,3</u> .		Paper No(s)/Mail Di 5) Notice of Informal F 6) Other:	ate Patent Application (PTO-152)		

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Examiner's Detailed Office Action

- 1. This office action is responsive to application 09/832,274, filed April 10, 2001.
- 2. Claims 1-29 have been examined.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 3. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 4. Claims 1-4 & 7-21 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over *Mikurak; Michael G.* (USPN 6,606,744 B1) in view of *Peter Kubat*, Estimation of Reliability for Communication/Computer Networks-Simulation/Analytic Approach (IEEE, 1989), in further view of *Kubota et al.* (USPN 6,351,698 B1).

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Regarding claims 1 & 17: Mikurak; Michael G. discloses an interactive system, (Mikurak; Michael G. C 112, L 47-65). Mikurak; Michael G. does not disclose a component to assess reliability of a communication and a component to infer a probability associated with an intent of the communication. Peter Kubat discloses a component to assess reliability of a communication. (Peter Kubat Abstract) Peter Kubat does not disclose a component to infer a probability associated with an intent of the communication. Kubota et al. discloses a component to infer a probability associated with an intent of the communication. (Kubota et al. C 18, L 49-57) It would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to combine the references because the determination of the vehicle conditions is a matter of great importance to accurate navigation to a designated goal, suitable control of vehicle devices and instruments and safe driving. (Kubota et al. C 1, L 32-35)

Regarding claims 2, 3, 18 & 19: a component for taking an action based upon the inferred probability to facilitate achieving a communicative intention. (*Kubota et al.* Abstract)

Regarding claims 4, 7 & 20: wherein the action is at least one of a clarification action or a domain-level action. (*Kubota et al.* C 16, L 11-26)

Regarding claims 8 & 9: wherein the intent of the communication is associated with at least one of acknowledgement, negation, reflection, unrecognized response, and no response.

(Kubota et al. Abstract; C 9, L 39-51)

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Regarding claims 10 & 11: wherein the intent of the communications is influenced by the reliability of the communications. (*Kubota et al.* Abstract; C 9, L 52-63)

Regarding claims 13, 14 & 15: further comprising an animated agent to interact with a communicator to determine the communicator's intent. (*Kubota et al.* Abstract; C 5, L 47 to C 6, L 9)

Regarding claim 16: The system of claim 1, further comprising a development tool that is utilized for a plurality of command and control domains. (*Kubota et al.* Abstract; C 1, L 6-18)

Regarding Claim 21: A computer readable medium having instructions stored thereon for performing the acts of claim 13. (*Kubota et al.* FIG. 1, item 23; C 7, L 53-65)

5. Claims 5 & 6 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over *Mikurak; Michael G.* (USPN 6,606,744 B1) in view of *Peter Kubat*, Estimation of Reliability for Communication/Computer Networks-Simulation/Analytic Approach (IEEE, 1989), in further view of *Kubota et al.* (USPN 6,351,698 B1), in further view of *Balzer* (USPN 5,327,437).

Mikurak; Michael G., Peter Kubat, and Kubota et al., have been discussed above and do not disclose the limitations of claims of 5 & 6. However, Balzer teaches the limitations of claims 5 & 6.

Regarding claims 5 & 6: wherein the actions are determined from a confidence threshold associated with an expected utility. (*Balzer FIG.* 1, item 114; C 8, L 13-26) It would have been ob-

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vious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to combine the references because in order to assure good quality control, many present day electronic assemblies are tested at one or more stages during the manufacturing process. Such measurements are generally conducted by measuring one or more electrical parameters of the electronic assembly by means of automated testing machines. Such parametric measurements are usually associated with some amount of electrical "noise" due to contact resistance in the test probes, temperature variations, component variations and other factors. For each parameter the noise manifests itself by causing repetitive measurements of the parameter to yield different results even if the same device is used for all of the tests. Consequently, when noise is a problem, it is common practice to take a number of measurements of a particular parameter, average the results and compare the average to the acceptable range. (*Balzer* C 1, L 15-27; & L 41-44)

6. Claim 22 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over *Mikurak; Michael G.* (USPN 6,606,744 B1) in view of *Weber et al.* (USPN 5,564,005) in further view of *Balzer* (USPN 5,327,437).

Regarding claim 22: *Mikurak*; *Michael G.* discloses an interactive system, (*Mikurak*; *Michael G.* C 112, L 47-65) comprising: a first component for analyzing sequential communications including speech, (*Mikurak*; *Michael G.* C 40, L 45-48). *Mikurak*; *Michael G.* does not discloses gestures and other modalities related to an underlying communicative intention, the component concurrently employing at least two of the communications in determining an action to facilitate achieving the intention; and a second component to perform the action if the underlying commu-

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ncative intention is above a confidence threshold. Weber et al. discloses gestures and other modalities related to an underlying communicative intention, (Weber et al. C 14, L 28-57) the component concurrently employing at least two of the communications in determining an action to facilitate achieving the intention; (Weber et al. C 14, L 28-57). Weber et al. does not disclose a second component to perform the action if the underlying communicative intention is above a confidence threshold. Balzer discloses a second component to perform the action if the underlying communicative intention is above a confidence threshold. (Balzer FIG. 1, item 114; C 8, L 13-26). It would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to combine the references because in order to assure good quality control, many present day electronic assemblies are tested at one or more stages during the manufacuring process. Such measurements are generally conducted by measuring one or more electrical parameters of the electronic assembly by means of automated testing machines. Such parametric measurements are usually associated with some amount of electrical "noise" due to contact resistance in the test probes, temperature variations, component variations and other factors. For each parameter, the noise manifests itself by causing repetitive measurements of the parameter to yield different results even if the same device is used for all of the tests. Consequently, when noise is a problem, it is common practice to take a number of measurements of a particular parameter, average the results and compare the average to the acceptable range. (Balzer C 1, L 15-27; & L 41-44)

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Claims Objection(s)

7. Claim 12 is objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

Allowable Subject Matter

8 Claim 23-29 are allowed.

Conclusion

The prior art made of record and (listed of form PTO-892) not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure as follows. Applicant or applicant's representative is respectfully reminded that in process of patent prosecution i.e., amending of claims in response to a rejection of claims set forth by the Examiner per Title 35 U.S.C. The patentable novelty must be clearly shown in view of the state of the art disclosed by the references cited and any objections made. Moreover, applicant or applicant's representative must clearly show how the amendments avoid or overcome such references and objections. *See* 37 CFR § 1.111(c).

Correspondence Information

10. Any inquiries concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to **Michael B. Holmes** who may be reached via telephone at

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(703) 308-6280. The examiner can normally be reached Monday through Friday between 8:00 a.m. and 5:00 p.m. eastern standard time.

If you need to send the Examiner, a facsimile transmission regarding After Final issues, please send it to (703) 746-7238. If you need to send an Official facsimile transmission, please send it to (703) 746-7239. If you would like to send a Non-Official (draft) facsimile transmission the fax is (703) 746-7240. If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the Examiner's Supervisor, Anthony Knight, may be reached at (703) 308-3179.

Any response to this office action should be mailed too:

Director of Patents and Trademarks Washington, D.C. 20231. Hand-delivered responses should be delivered to the Receptionist, located on the fourth floor of Crystal Park II, 2121 Crystal Drive Arlington, Virginia.

Michael B. Holmes

Patent Examiner Artificial Intelligence Art Unit 2121

United States Department of Commerce Patent & Trademark Office

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